MORGAN AND MORECAMBE OFFSHORE WIND FARMS: TRANSMISSION ASSETS

National Farmers Union SoCG F01









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Glossary

Term	Meaning
ALO	Agricultural Liasion Officer
ExA	Examining Authority
DCO	Development Consent Order

Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning	
SoCG	Statement of Common Ground	
NFU	National Farmers Union	
EnBW	Energie Baden-Württemberg AG	







1 Initial Statement of Common Ground between Morgan and Morecambe Offshore Wind Farms: Transmission Assets and National Farmers Union

1.1 Introduction

1.1.1 Overview

- 1.1.1.1 This Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) has been prepared between Morgan Offshore Wind Limited and Morecambe Offshore Windfarm Ltd (hereafter referred to as 'the Applicants') and the National Farmers Union (NFU), together the parties. The SoCG sets out the areas of agreement and disagreement between the parties in relation to the proposed Development Consent Order (DCO) application for the Morgan and Morecambe Offshore Wind Farms: Transmission Assets (hereafter referred to as 'the Transmission Assets').
- 1.1.1.2 The need for a SoCG between the Applicants and the NFU is set out in section 1 of Appendix F of the Rule 6 letter issued by the Planning Inspectorate on 28th March 2025.
- 1.1.1.3 This document is intended to provide the Examining Authority (ExA) with an overview of the level of common ground between the parties. The SoCG will identify where agreement has been reached, where differences lie and the reasons for disagreement or outstanding matters. The SoCG will also specify the actions needed to address the issues and will facilitate further discussion between the parties. The SoCG will be updated during the Transmission Assets Examination and submitted at the Deadlines indicated in the Rule 6 letter.

1.1.2 Transmission Assets elements under NFU's remit

- 1.1.2.1 The NFU are not a stakeholder that is directly affected by the application, they are a member organisation who have commented on the application on behalf of a number of their members who are affected by the project. It is important to note that those members are individually represented professionally by appointed land agents and not by the NFU in relation to the voluntary agreements being sought for the land rights and impact on their holdings. Members represented are affected by the onshore infrastructure required for the project.
- 1.1.2.2 This SoCG covers the following topics of relevance to the NFU:
 - Impacts on agricultural operations
 - Engagement with Land Interests
 - Soil and Drainage management
 - The provision of Agricultural Liaison Officers (ALO) during construction
 - Accommodation works to mitigate the perceived impacts of construction







- Link Boxes
- Term of Rights
- Decommissioning
- Compulsory Acquisition Powers
- Cable Depth

1.1.3 Overview of Transmission Assets

- 1.1.3.1 The design philosophy for the Transmission Assets is for the Morgan Offshore Wind Project: Generation Assets and the Morecambe Offshore Windfarm: Generation Assets (referred to as 'the Generation Assets') to be electrically independent. Therefore, each offshore wind farm will have its own separate set of transmission assets (e.g., cable and substation infrastructure). However, the location of the infrastructure will be aligned (where practicable), for example within aligned offshore and onshore cable corridors to minimise impacts to environment and the community.
- 1.1.3.2 Morgan OWL and Morecambe OWL (the Applicants), are jointly seeking a single consent for their electrically separate transmission assets comprising aligned offshore export cable corridors to landfall and aligned onshore export cable corridors to separate onshore substations (and associated infrastructure), and onward connection to the National Grid at Penwortham, Lancashire.
- 1.1.3.3 The key components of the Transmission Assets include the following.
 - Offshore elements:
 - offshore export cables: these export cables will bring the electricity generated by the Generation Assets to the landfall for onward transmission.
 - Landfall:
 - landfall site: this is where the offshore export cables are jointed to the onshore export cables via the transition joint bays. This term applies to the entire area between Lowest Astronomical Tide and the transition joint bays.
 - Onshore elements:
 - onshore export cables: these export cables will be jointed to the offshore export cables via the transition joint bays at the landfall site, and will bring the electricity generated by the Generation Assets to the onshore substations:
 - onshore substations: the two electrically separate onshore substations will contain the components for transforming the power supplied via the onshore export cables up to 400 kV;
 - 400 kV grid connection cables: these export cables will bring the electricity generated by the Generation Assets from the two electrically







- separate onshore substations to the existing National Grid substation at Penwortham:
- environmental mitigation areas: temporary and/or permanent areas, including accesses identified to provide environmental mitigation only; and
- biodiversity benefit areas: temporary and/or permanent areas, including accesses identified to provide biodiversity benefit only.

1.1.4 Approach to SoCG

- 1.1.4.1 This initial SoCG has been developed and will be progressed during the examination phases of the Transmission Assets. In accordance with discussions between the parties, the SoCG is focused on those issues raised by the NFU within its response to dialogue and the feedback submitted at Section 42 statutory consultation that has underpinned the pre-application consultation between the parties. This SoCG also includes those issues raised by The NFU during the post-application phase including the Relevant Representation submitted on the 27th January 2025 (RR-1596) and further submission at the Procedural Deadline on the 11th April 2025 (PDA-040).
- 1.1.4.2 The structure of this SoCG is as follows:
 - Section 1.1: Introduction
 - Section 1.2: Summary of SoCG
 - Section 1.3: Summary of consultation
 - Section 1.4: Agreement log

1.2 Summary of SoCG

1.2.1 Overview

1.2.1.1 This SoCG outlines the consultation that has taken place between the parties during the pre-application and post-application phase of the Transmission Assets. The agreement logs present the position reached on 07 July 2025 (Deadline 3).

1.2.2 Summary of those matters agreed, ongoing points of discussion and not agreed

1.2.2.1 Table 1.1 provides a summary of those matters agreed, an ongoing point of discussion or not agreed between the parties.

Table 1.1: Summary of those matters agreed, ongoing points of discussion and not agreed

Topic	Agreement status	
Impacts on Agricultural Operations / Accommodation Works	The potential impact on farming operations is acknowledged by the Applicants and other than where land is taken by way of freehold for the onshore substations and associated mitigation, will be of a temporary nature during construction and the works design and implementation will seek to	







Topic	Agreement status
	mitigate the temporary impact. The Applicants will continue work with affected parties to mitigate those impacts where reasonably possible and it is agreed that these mitigation measures will take the form of accommodation works agreed between the parties at the time of construction. These commitments are secured through Requirement 8 of Schedules 2A & 2B of the draft Development Consent Order (AS-004). Discussions on these points continue but are widely accepted by the agents advising land interests.
Engagement with Land Interests	The Applicants have been engaging with land interests affected by proposals since July 2022 and continue to do so. The NFU has been party to recent landowner forum meetings and is working with the affected parties land agents regarding further engagement on the Heads of Terms for Voluntary agreements in an advisory role to members. The Applicants continue to engage with affected parties and will do so throughout the project.
Soil management	The Applicants continue to engage with affected parties regarding soil management
	The Outline Soil Management Plan (APP-200) sets out measures to protect soil quality and structure during construction, ensuring that the land remains viable for farming in the long term. This includes the production of an aftercare plan for agricultural areas within the Onshore Order Limits which will be subject to agreement with the affected landowner(s). This is secured in the DCO through Requirement 8 (Code of Construction Practice), which includes production of a Soil Management Plan in accordance with the Outline Soil Management Plan (APP-200) and Requirement 18 (Restoration of land temporarily used for construction) of the draft Development Consent Order Schedule 2A and 2B (AS-004).
	Conditions and commitments are set out in the plans mentioned above.
Field Drainage	The Applicants continue to engage with affected parties regarding drainage management. For the operational and maintenance phase of the project, the Applicants have committed (CoT11 of Volume 1, Annex 5.3: Commitments register of the ES (AS-030)) to the preparation of detailed Operational Drainage Management Plan(s) which focus on the onshore substations. This is secured via Requirement 20 of Schedules 2A and 2B of the draft DCO (AS-004). The detailed plans will include measures to ensure that existing land drainage is reinstated and/or maintained. The Outline Code of Construction Practice includes measures for the Principal Contractor to develop field drainage plans in consultation with the relevant landowners. If required, additional field drainage will be installed to ensure the existing drainage of the land is maintained during and after construction (CoT84).
The provision of ALO's throughout construction	This commitment is secured through Requirement 8 of Schedules 2A & 2B of the draft Development Consent Order. Discussions on the final detail of this provision will continue but are widely accepted by the agents advising land interests.
Accommodation works to mitigate perceived impacts through construction	The Applicants have engaged to date with affected parties and will continue to do so. Once the detailed design of the projects begins, post consent, the Applicants will work with affected parties to implement accommodation works that will mitigate the impact on farming operations.
Link Box locations	The location of link boxes continues to be discussed as part of the voluntary heads of terms with the affected parties. The Applicants have set out those







Topic	Agreement status
	payments to be made for the siting of link boxes and will continue to engage with affected land interests during the detailed design phase when this detail will become known. These agreements are included for in the voluntary heads of terms being negotiated which state that The Applicants will use reasonable endeavours to locate Above Ground Apparatus as close to the boundaries of fields as is reasonably practicable and will consult with the Grantor (acting reasonably) on the location of any Above Ground Apparatus
Term of Rights	The Applicants are seeking rights to secure the assets they need to safely build and operate the infrastructure for the projects. Within the DCO and under the compulsory acquisition menu of rights these rights are split between Temporary possession powers, permanent rights in land and the acquisition of freehold. The voluntary agreements that are in negotiation with all affected parties mirror those rights being sought.
Decommissioning	Requirement 22 of the draft DCO (AS-004) sets out that within 6 months of the permanent cessation of commercial operational, the project must submit a decommissioning plan to the relevant planning authority. At this time, the appropriate decommissioning measures will be set out and agreed. This is set out in the commitment registered CoT36 which confirmed that any plan will include provisions for removal of all onshore above ground infrastructure, if and where relevant and practical. This will be developed with the relevant available guidance at the time.
Construction Programme	Article 21 of the draft DCO which sets a time limit of 7 years from the date on which the order is made for any CA to be sought through either method of notice to treat or general vesting declaration, following precedent in terms of timing and preventing rights existing over landowner's interests for an unreasonable period of time. Paragraph 2 of this article clarifies that this timeframe does not end the period of temporary possession of land if that possession was taken within the 7 year period. This 7 year period aligns with the 7 year period for implementation of the draft DCO.
Easement Corridors	The Easement Corridors sought by the Project are set out in the Project Description Chapter (AS-024). These will be located within the Order Limits for Project A and Project B and will be confirmed following installation of the cables.
Cable Depth	The Project Description chapter (AS-024) sets out that each trench would have a typical depth of approximately 1.8 m to the bottom of the trench. This burial depth may be exceeded where the route crosses features such as pipelines and land drains, and it may vary according to ground conditions. Table 3.19 sets out that the indicative target trench depth to the top of the protective tile is 1.2m. This is because the onshore export cables will be buried to a depth where agricultural practices can continue safely.
Water Supplies	The Applicants commit to maintaining, by diversion or other method where required, existing water supplies to properties or land., these measures will be agreed during the accommodation works discussed with the ALO secured through the Outline Code of Construction Practice.







Topic	Agreement status
Surface Water Discharge	An assessment of the potential for increased flood risk arising from additional surface water runoff is presented within section 2.11.3 of Volume 3, Chapter 2: Hydrology and flood risk of the ES (APP-070). An Outline Code of Construction Practice (APP-193) has been prepared and submitted with the application for development consent. The Outline CoCP includes measures in relation to flood risk during the construction phase (which is secured via Requirement 8 of Schedules 2A and 2B of the draft DCO (AS-004)). The measures include ensuring that surface water runoff is intercepted and attenuated on site, and that surface water discharges are controlled in quality and volume to ensure there is no increase to flood risk.

1.3 Summary of Consultation

1.3.1.1 Table 1.2 below provides an overview of the consultation undertaken by the Applicants with the NFU during the pre-application phases of the Transmission Assets. Table 1.3 below provides a summary of the consultation undertaken by the Applicants with the NFU during the post-application phases of the Transmission Assets.

Table 1.2: Summary of pre-application consultation with National Farmers Union

Date	Form of consultation	Statutory or non-statutory engagement	Summary of consultation
12 October 2023 to 23 November 2023	s.42 consultation	Statutory	Statutory consultation for the projects with all parties, comments and submissions received from both affected landowners and the NFU. Landowner meetings were held alongside public information events that all parties were notified of and invited to.
Ongoing from 2022	Engagement meetings with affected parties and agents	Non-Statutory	Ongoing meetings with landowners and agents to discuss scheme principles and concerns raised by affected parties. These meetings cover such things as, burial depth, practical farming matters, survey access and intrusive works along with the applicants asking questions relating to farming practices to understand likely impacts.

Table 1.3: Summary of post-application consultation with National Farmers Union

Date	Form of consultation	Statutory or non-statutory engagement	Summary of consultation
Ongoing	Engagement meetings with	Non-Statutory	Ongoing meetings with landowners and agents to discuss scheme principles and







Date	Form of consultation	Statutory or non-statutory engagement	Summary of consultation
	affected parties and agents		concerns raised by affected parties. The NFU have been present at the negotiations of the Heads of Terms with the Land Agents Group and have inputted at various clauses. These meetings cover such things as, burial depth, practical farming matters, survey access and intrusive works along with the applicants asking questions relating to farming practices to understand likely impacts.
04.12.2024	Q&A meeting with affected parties, the NFU and the Applicants	Non-Statutory	A landowner specific information and question and answer session was held with invites sent to all affected land interests, where the lands team and an engineer were present to discuss concerns with affected parties and answer questions in a group forum. The NFU and many agents acting for those landowners affected were present.
15.05.2025	Teams meeting	Non-Statutory	Meeting with the NFU to discuss the Statement of Common Ground and the outstanding points of difference.
01.07.2025	Teams meeting	Non-Statutory	Meeting with the NFU to discuss progress of the Statement of Common Ground.

1.4 Agreement log

1.4.1.1 This section of the SoCG sets out the level of agreement between the parties. For each matter the status is identified as being either agreed, not agreed or an ongoing point of discussion, according to the criteria set out in Table 1.4 below.

Table 1.4: Position definitions and colour coding

Position and colour coding	Definition of position
Agreed	The matter is considered to be agreed between the parties.
Ongoing point of discussion	The matter is neither agreed or not agreed and is a matter where further discussion is required between the parties.
Not agreed, but not material	The matter is not considered to be agreed between the parties, but is not deemed material
Not agreed	The matter is not considered to be agreed between the parties.







1.4.1.2 Table 1.5 sets out the level of agreement between the parties for each relevant component of the application (as identified in section 1.1.2).







Table 1.5: The level of agreement between the Applicants and NFU for each relevant component of the application

Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
NFU.1	Impacts on Agricultural Operations Accommodation Works	Engagement continues with affected parties and will do so post examination. Accommodation works will be agreed closer to the time of entry for main works to mitigate the impact of any works on agricultural operations. The location of trenchless crossings are set out within the Crossing Schedules submitted as part of the Application.	2nd July 2025. NFU concerned that accommodation works need to be agreed now or at least listed as to what may be needed/required for each farm so that they can stay operational during the construction phase. The issue was raised originally regarding direct drilling of cables being agreed where necessary on farm.	
NFU.2	Engagement with Land Interests	The Applicants continue to liaise with affected parties through their appointed land agents and has offered and will continue to offer meetings with affected parties to discuss site specific points. The Applicants continue to meet with the NFU, their appointed land agents and where possible the land interests themselves when the appointed agents deem appropriate with regards to all agreements required from those land interests. The Applicants held an landowner event on the 2 nd July at Myerscough college where landowners had the opportunity to book a session with the Applicants to discuss holding specific matters to progress the heads of terms discussions, not a group session. The Applicants note that the NFU	2.7.25 The NFU is still concerned about the lack of detail landowners and occupiers have regarding the actual construction of the underground cables. The NFU has received no communication of a meeting taking place today at Myerscough this shows a lack of thorough communication.	
NFU.3	Soil and Drainage management	are and to date have not been invited or requested by landowners to attend specific heads of terms meetings. The Applicant continues to engage on the matter with affected parties and will		







Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
		continue to throughout construction and reinstatement. The details required are set out and secured under the DCO in the Outline Soil Management Plan so the matter is closed. For the operational and maintenance phase of the project, the Applicants have committed (CoT11 of Volume 1, Annex 5.3: Commitments register of the ES (AS-030)) to the preparation of detailed Operational Drainage Management Plan(s) which focus on the onshore substations. This is secured via Requirement 20 of Schedules 2A and 2B of the draft DCO (AS-004).		
NFU.4	Field Drainage	The Applicant continues to engage on the matter with affected parties and will continue to throughout construction and reinstatement. For the operational and maintenance phase of the project, the Applicants have committed (CoT11 of Volume 1, Annex 5.3: Commitments register of the ES (AS-030)) to the preparation of detailed Operational Drainage Management Plan(s) which focus on the onshore substations. This is secured via Requirement 20 of Schedules 2A and 2B of the draft DCO (AS-004). The Applicants will consider the wording requested for Deadline 4.	The NFU would like to see detailed wording agreed and set out in the Outline Code of Construction. Presently the OCoC only states "In order to manage impacts to field drainage, the outline CoCP stipulates field drainage plans will be developed in consultation with the relevant landowners. If required, additional field drainage will be installed to ensure the existing drainage of the land is maintained during and after construction" This is far too brief and does not detail exactly what M&M will do. The NFU would like to see the wording it sent to M&M to be agreed and included in the OCoC. This wording has been agreed on other schemes and included in OCoC. The wording requested:	
			5.1 Particular care will be taken to ensure that the existing land drainage system is	







Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
			not compromised as a result construction. Land drainage syste will be maintained during construct and reinstated on completion.	ms
			5.2 The Agricultural Liaison Officer (Alwill coordinate drainage surveys establish the existing drainage position including any related fadrainage that may be affected by scheme.	to age arm
			5.3 The services of a suitably quality drainage consultant who will he experience of working in the regular will be employed by the contractor act as a drainage expert during detailed design process and liat with landowners or occupal (through the ALO) to consult on pre and post drainage scheme required. This will include the destain of any land drainage works required during construction, and on design and timing of any land drainage works required for subsequent restoration of the late that the subsequent and site-specific knowled.	ave on, r to the sise sers the nes sign red the and the nd.
			5.4 Existing agricultural land drawhere encountered during construction of each phase, will appropriately marked. The location drains cut or disturbed by construction works will photographed, given a union	the be of the be







Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
			number and logged using GP. coordinates. The actual condition a characteristics (e.g. depth installation, pipe type and diamet of the existing drainage will also recorded upon excavation.	nd of er)
			5.5 During the construction wor temporary drainage will be installed intercept existing field drains a ditches to maintain the integrity of existing field-drainage system dur construction. Such measures will a assist in reducing the potential for a areas to form during the wor thereby reducing the impact on structure and fertility. Draina systems however will not be instal into areas where they are currently present, e.g. environment wetlands.	I to nd when the sing slso evet ks, soil ge led not
			5.6 Any field drainage intercepted dur construction will either be reinstated following reinstatement of the land diverted to a secondary change Landowners and occupiers will informed of the design of drainate works required during constructional including: pipe layout, far dimensions and outfalls (if required The drainage would be reinstated in condition that is at least as effect as the previous condition and follow best practice for field drainate installations taking into account sepecific conditions.	ded or or or eel. be ge on, lls, d). n a ive will ge







Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
			5.7 Where it is reasonable for to reinstatement of drainage to involve works outside of the order limits it to be done subject to the agreement the landowner.	/e vill
			5.8 Landowners and occupiers will provided with the opportunity inspect land drainage works as the progress, subject to health and safe considerations. Furthermore, record of existing and remedial drainage was be maintained by the contractor was copies provided to the Landown (and the Occupier, if applicable following the completion construction works in each phase.	to ey tty ds vill eth
			5.9 A dispute resolution process will established including to appointment of a jointly agree Independent Expert, who shall hat at least 5 years experience of dealing with land drainage issues in the region, for drainage design a implementation, if required. Whe agreement cannot be reached on the appointment of the expert the matter will be referred to the President of the Institution of Civil Engineers.	ne de
NFU.5	The provision of ALO's throughout construction	This requirement is secured in the Code of Construction Practice and so the matter is closed. This commitment is secured through Requirement 8 of Schedules 2A & 2B of the draft Development Consent	V	







Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
		Order. Discussions on the final detail of this provision will continue but are widely accepted by the agents advising land interests.		
NFU.6	Accommodation works to mitigate perceived impacts through construction	Engagement continues with affected parties and will do so post examination. Accommodation works will be agreed closer to the time of entry for main works to mitigate the impact of any works on agricultural operations.		
NFU.7	Link Box locations	Engagement continues with affected parties and will do so post examination. The position of Link Boxes will be designed at detailed design stage and once done there will be liaison with landowners regarding the locations. These elements are covered in the voluntary heads of terms. The Applicants have submitted a drawing of the link boxes in response to the ExA written question Q12.1.12 figure 1 (S_D3_3) Compensation for the depreciation in land value as a result of the cables and link boxes installed can be claimed for in accordance with the compensation code and this has been clarified in the voluntary agreements.	2.7.25 The NFU is concerned about the lack of detail forthcoming regarding the link boxes which will be located at ground surface and so impact agricultural operations on a day to basis. M&M have mentioned voluntary heads of terms and at the present time it is not possible to make sure that the disturbance caused by link boxes can be valued correctly. As requested at the ISH the NFU would like to see a diagram/sketch of a link box with measurements and also what is perceived to be the worst scenario of link boxes in a field for both projects.	
NFU.8	Term of Rights	The Applicants are seeking reasonable rights required to secure the infrastructure for the projects, these rights are sought in perpetuity as is standard across the offshore wind industry and those rights align with the rights the project would be awarded under any consent granted by the Development Consent Order.	2.7.25 The NFU disagrees that not all rights by project developers have been taken in perpetuity. It is possible for M&M to agree to a term of 99 years which is well over the lifetime of the project and this would align with what has been agreed by other developers for other underground cables	







Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
			linking to an offshore wind farm under a voluntary agreement.	
NFU.9	Decommissioning	The Applicants will implement a suitable decommissioning plan as agreed with the relevant planning authority. At this time, the appropriate decommissioning measures will be set out and agreed. Requirement 22 within the DCO states: (1) Within six months of the permanent cessation of commercial operation of the Project B onshore works, an onshore decommissioning plan must be submitted to the relevant planning authority for approval unless otherwise agreed in writing by the relevant planning authority must provide its decision on any onshore decommissioning plan submitted under sub-paragraph (1) within three months of submission of each plan unless otherwise agreed in writing between the relevant planning authority and the undertaker. 70 (3) Any decommissioning plan approved under this requirement must be implemented as approved.	2.7.25 The NFU would like confirmation that it has been agreed that any infrastructure which is at a depth of less than 0.9metres from the restore surface of the Easement Stirp will be removed at decommissioning? This is so that normal agricultural operations can take place without interference.	
NFU.10	Construction programme	The Applicants have responded to ExA question 1.1.3 and 1.1.8 regarding the construction scenarios which provides clarification on this matter.	2.7.25 The NFU is concerned about the length of the construction period which if built out at separate times and with a gap could lead to a construction timeframe of 11years. Agricultural businesses are not going to be able to sustain disruption for 11 years. M& M need to more to guarantee that this construction scenario would be a last resort.	







Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
NFU.11	Easement Corridors	Where possible the easement corridors will abut but the Applicants are not in a position to commit to this outright at this time. Any strip of land between the easements where they do not abut would be retuned as farm land, as with the land affected by the easement rights. This is standard practice across utilities and land rights.	2.7.25 The NFU would like to see M & M guarantee that the two easement corridors will abut so that there is not a strip of land impacted which runs between the two easement strips.	
NFU.12	Hillhouse Route	This is not a matter for this for this SoCG as the asset refereed to is not part of this application or assessment, that would fall to the transmission system operator and as such the applicants are not able to answer this point.	2.7.25 The NFU would like clarification as to whether if the Hillhouse Route had been chosen would the existing overhead line that runs to Penwortham Substation be able to take the electricity generated from the offshore windfarms.	
NFU.13	Cable depth	The Project Description chapter (AS-024) sets out that the indicative target trench depth to the top of the protective tile is 1.2m unless there are exceptional ground conditions.	2.7.25 Exceptional ground conditions which leads to engineering reasons and then the cables will be set to a depth of no less than 0.9m to the top of the protective tile.	
NFU.14	Water Supplies	The Applicants commit to maintaining, by diversion or other method where required, existing water supplies to properties or land, these measures will be agreed during the accommodation works discussed with the ALO secured through the Outline Code of Construction Practice. The Applicants will consider the wording requested for Deadline 4.	 2.7.25 The NFU would like to see more detailed wording agreed on water supplies. Wording requested: 7.1 Where an existing mains or private water supply to a farm is adversely and directly affected by the construction of the Scheme, the main works contractor shall, if requested by the farmer or landowner to do so, provide or procure or meet the 	







Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
Nullibei			reasonable cost of the provision of an alternative supply of water (the form and type of which shall be at the contractor's option). Where the supply is affected temporarily by the construction of the Scheme, then the alternative supply need only be supplied for the period during which it is affected. 7.2 Where a request is made by the farmer or landowner for a permanent supply due to permanent severance of the existing supply caused by the construction of the Scheme, the main works contractor shall, where provision of an alternative means of supply can be demonstrated by the land owner/farmer to be reasonably required for his business, provide or procure or meet the reasonable cost	
			of a permanent means of alternative supply of water (the form and type (either borehole or mains supply) shall be at the contractor's option).	
NFU.15	Surface Water Discharge	The Outline Surface and Groundwater Management Plan (APP-202) which forms part of the Outline Code of Construction Practice (oCoCP) (APP-193) sets out measures to manage surface water runoff	2.7.25 The NFU and land agents have raised concerns over discharge of water direct on to land as concerned about damage to crops and grassland outside the construction area. Any connection into	







Reference Number	Discussion point	Applicants' position	NFU position	Status
		and site drainage from construction to minimise the pollution risk to waterbodies.	existing drainage, landowners must be notified.	
		Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) will be used, where practicable, to ensure no increase in surface water runoff rates or volumes from the temporary construction compounds to surrounding land drainage ditches and to manage surface water flood risk.		